to highways being \$811,363,847 or more than three times the net debt for all purposes in 1919. As already explained at p. 671, the provincial systems of modern motor roads have been developed almost entirely since 1919 and prior to that time the provincial expenditures on highways were relatively small.

## 5.—Provincial Government Funded Highway Debt and Annual Charges Thereon, 1941-43

Province	Highwa	y Debt Outs	Interest			Payments on Sinking Capital Fund		
	1941	1942	1943	1941	1942	1943	1942	1943
P.E.I	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$	\$	\$	\$	ş	\$
N.S N.B.	66,666,662 74,191,317	66,665,890 74,473,577	66,635,828 73,901,807					571,770
Que Ont	147,645,000 344,562,789	157,505,956 351,863,030	171,903,085 <sup>2</sup> 354,389,819	4,950,000	5,355,000	5, 833, 181	2,501,055	938,000
Man Sask	17,693,860 33,818,920	17,972,539 33,818,920	17,959,647		850,690	853,666	121,803	
Alta B.C	43,158,973 43,953,602	44,290,637 45,953,602	45,534,014 48,211,872	1,201,632	1,252,296	1,283,923	-	410,954
E. S. E. M. M. P. S. S. S. S. S. S.	771,691,123	1200 Carry activities and occurs	811,363,847					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not reported.

Provincial Government Revenues from Motor-Vehicles.—The taxation of motor-vehicles, garages, chauffeurs, etc., is an important source of Provincial Government income. In every province the following licences or permits, duly issued by the provincial authorities, are required: motor-vehicles of all kinds, trailers, operators or drivers, paid chauffeurs, dealers, garages and gasoline and service stations. A sales tax on gasoline is also levied by each province,\* the rates being 10 cents per imperial gallon in the three Maritime Provinces, 8 cents in Quebec and Ontario and 7 cents in the four western provinces. The more important sources from which provincial revenues from motor-vehicles are derived are shown in Table 6.- Dominion Government revenues from import duties, excise and sales taxes are not included.

## 6.—Provincial Revenues from the Taxation of the Distribution and Operation of Motor-Vehicles, 1943

Note.—Provincial Governments report for their respective fiscal years.

Province	Passenger Cars	Trucks	Motor- cycles	Dealer Licences	Operators and Chauf- feurs	Tax on Operators of Motor- buses and Trucks	Gasoline Tax <sup>1</sup>	Total, Including Miscel- laneous Revenue
	2	2	s	\$	\$	2	2	\$
P.E.Island	101,447	44,493	145	490	4,808	545		
Nova Scotia	783,929	630,409	2	5,528				
New Brunswick	744,238	482,956	1,499			20,541	2,101,073	3,523,288
Quebec	3,608,179	2,243,200		19,282	725,086	170,455	11,803,248	18,975,272
Ontario	4,289,447		4,808			566,554	26,608,291	36,306,217
Manitoba	906,525	305,302	2,239	6,782	145,330			
Saskatchewan	1,148,692	667,256	4,027	13,828			3,397,279	
Alberta	1,565,888	73,068	3,311		191,395		3,645,895	
British Columbia	1,986,850	896,064	12,776		199,922	132,093		7,071,111 28,981
Yukon	2,271	2,705	96		4		23,505	
Totals 15,137,466		8,447,222	37,793	86,360	2,671,923	1,673,658	57,215,332	86,842,351

¹ Dominion Government paid \$11,611,601 of total, all provinces except Alberta receiving subsidies to bring revenue up to 1941 revenue. Some of this was not paid until after the end of the provincial fiscal years. Alberta's revenue was above 1941 revenue. ² Included with miscellaneous. ³ Included with trucks. ⁴ Tax not applicable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Treasury notes included.

<sup>\*</sup>As from Apr. 30, 1941, there is, in addition, a Dominion tax of 3 cents per gallon. For details of gasoline rationing in Canada, placed in operation on Apr. 1, 1942, see pp. 568-569.